

## Roth 401(k) and Tips Tax Exempt and Government **Entities Employee Plans** 2006 IRS Nationwide Tax **Forum**



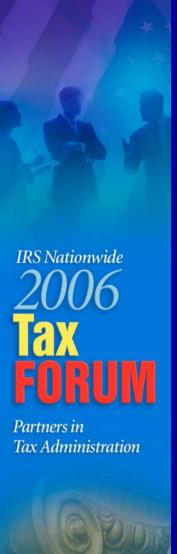
### What is a Roth 401(k)?

- EGTRRA It's not another SUV
   –Sunrise (1/1/2006) and Sunset (12/31/2010)?!
- Contributions (After-tax)
  - -Separate Accounting Required
- Distributions (Tax-free)





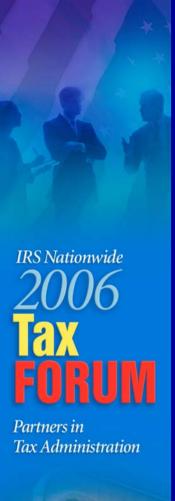




#### Traditional vs. Roth 401(k)

- Traditional 401(k)
  - -Deferrals: Pre-tax
  - -Distributions: Taxable
- Roth 401(k)
  - -Deferrals: After-tax
  - –Distributions: Tax-free





#### Roth IRA vs. Roth 401(k)

- No Income Limitations w/ Roth 401(k)
- Higher Contribution Limits w/ Roth 401(k)
  - -Roth IRA \$4K (2006, under age 50)
  - -Roth 401(k) \$15K (2006, under age 50)
- No Conversions Allowed
- Distributions





# Who's Considering a Roth 401(k)?

(Pay Now or Pay Later?)



- High-Income Employees Possibly
- Low-Income Employees Perhaps
- I see a lower or a higher tax bracket in your future
- But I don't want the money yet



Tax Administration

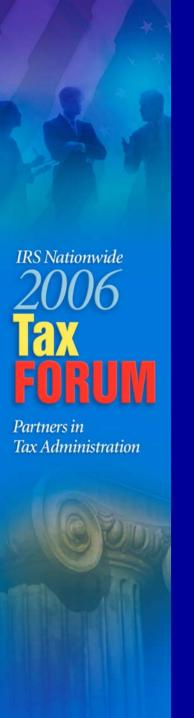
Partners in



#### Steps to Add a Roth Feature

- What Steps Do I Take?
  - –Amend the Plan Document
  - —Tell the Employees
  - Plan Administration





#### Show Me the Money!



- The 5-Year, Not the 5-Second Rule
- Hardship Distributions
- Return of Excess Contributions
- Required Minimum Distributions



#### Rollover and Fetch

- Direct Rollovers Don't Mix and Match
- Indirect Rollovers Caution Ahead
- Roth to Roth A One-Way Street

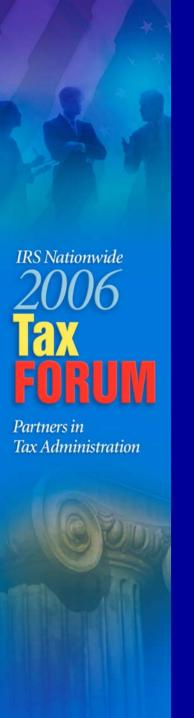




## Traditional 401(k) Tips



- EP Compliance Trends and Tips
- Correction Programs
- A Little Help Please: More Resources @ www.irs.gov/ep



#### SEP and SIMPLE IRA Tips



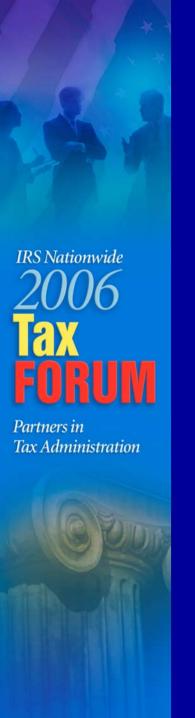
- EP Compliance Trends and Tips
  - Special Limited Relief for SIMPLE IRA Non-Amenders
- Correction Programs
- A Little Help Please: More Resources @ www.irs.gov/ep



#### Retirement Plan Assistance



- www.irs.gov/ep
  - Includes Roth 401(k) FAQs
- (877) 829-5500: Customer Account Services
- RetirementPlanQuestions@irs.gov
- Newsletters



#### Roth 401(k) and Tips

Comparison of Roth 401(k), Roth IRA, and Traditional 401(k) Retirement Accounts			
Characteristic	Designated Roth 401(k) Account	Roth IRA	Traditional, Pre-Tax 401(k) Account
Contributions	Designated Roth employee elective contributions are made with <b>after-tax dollars</b> .	Roth IRA contributions are made with after-tax dollars.	Traditional, pre-tax employee elective contributions are made with before-tax dollars.
Income Limits	No income limitation to participate.	Income limits: married \$160,000/single \$110,000 modified AGI.	Same as Designated Roth 401(k) Account, No income limitation to participate.
Maximum Elective Cont <del>ri</del> bution	Aggregate* employee elective contributions limited to \$15,000 in 2006 (\$20,000 for employees 50 or over).	Contribution limited to \$4,000 in 2006 (\$5,000 for employees 50 or over).	Same <i>aggregate</i> * limit as Designated Roth 401(k) Account
Taxation of Withdrawals	Withdrawals of contributions and earnings are <u>not</u> taxed provided it's a <b>qualified distribution</b> -the account is held for at least 5 years and made: • On account of disability, • On or after death, or • On or after attainment of age 59½.	Same as Designated Roth 401(k) Account and can have a qualified distribution for a first time home purchase.	Withdrawals of contributions and earnings <u>are</u> subject to Federal and most State income taxes.
Required Distributions	Distributions must begin no later than age 70½, unless still working and not a 5% owner.	No requirement to start taking distributions while owner is alive.	Same as Designated Roth 401(k) Account.

This limitation is by individual, rather than by plan. Although permissible to split the
annual employee elective contribution between designated Roth contributions and
traditional, pre-tax contributions, the combination cannot exceed the deferral limit \$15,000/\$20,000 in 2006.

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